

**REMARKS**

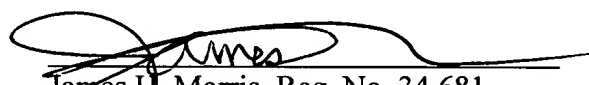
This is a Preliminary Amendment in which claims 1-11 have been amended and claims 12-39 have been added. An early and favorable action is earnestly solicited.

If there is a fee occasioned by this response that is not covered by an enclosed check, please charge any deficiency to Deposit Account No. 23/2825.

Respectfully submitted

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**AMENDED CLAIMS SHOWING CHANGES MADE**

1. (Amended) A far-end crosstalk canceling circuit for a digital subscriber line transmission system, said transmission system comprising a plurality of line termination modems adapted to receive [receiving] discrete multitone signals from corresponding network termination modems over a plurality of transmission channels, each of the plurality of line termination modems [modem] comprising time/frequency transforming means for transforming said discrete multitone signals into a discrete multitone symbol of frequency components and demapping means for outputting for each frequency component [the] a symbol of a [the] constellation nearest [thereto] to each frequency component and [the] corresponding demodulated data, the far-end crosstalk canceling circuit comprising[:];

estimation means, in at least one line termination modem, for estimating [the] constellation symbols actually sent by the network termination modems[,] from the frequency components of the discrete multitone symbols [received] generated by the plurality of line termination [all] modems;

calculation means for calculating a linear combination of said estimated constellation symbols, [modulated data, for] subtracting said linear combination from the frequency components [of] generated by said at least one line termination modem, and [for] applying a resulting difference to the demapping means of the [said] at least one line termination modem;

error calculation means for calculating an [the] error distance between the [constellation] symbol of the constellation output from the [said] at least one line termination modem and said resulting difference; and

updating means for updating [the] coefficients of said linear combination as a function of said error distance.

2. (Amended) The far-end crosstalk canceling circuit of claim 1, wherein the estimation means further comprises means for providing [provides] the symbols of the constellations [constellation points] respectively output by the demapping means [demappers] of the plurality of line termination modems as estimates of [for the] modulated data sent by the corresponding network termination modems.

3. (Amended) The far-end crosstalk canceling circuit of claim 1, wherein the estimation means further comprises switching means for outputting the frequency components in a first step, and the estimated constellation symbols[,] obtained therefrom in a second step [as estimates for the modulated data].

4. (Amended) The far-end crosstalk canceling circuit of claim 1, wherein:  
the estimation means is common to all of the plurality of line termination modems and simultaneously provides the discrete multitone symbols as estimates for consecutive constellation symbols;

the calculating means is common to all of the plurality of line termination modems and comprises matrix calculation means calculating at time  $t$  a [the] product  $H^{-1}_{t-1} * R$  of a matrix  $H^{-1}_{t-1}$  with a [the] vector  $R$ ,  $R$  being [a vector] constituted by all [the] sets of frequency components  $R_i$ , the matrix  $H^{-1}_{t-1}$  being an estimate at time  $t-1$  of [the] an inverse of a [the] transfer matrix of the plurality of transmission channels;

the error calculating means is common to all of the plurality of line termination modems and calculates the error distance as between each of [the]  $n$  components of the product [vector]  $H^{-1}_t * R$  and the [constellation] symbols of the constellations output by the respective demapping means [demappers] of the plurality of line termination modems; and

the updating means is common to all of the plurality of line termination modems and updates [the] coefficients of the matrix  $H^{-1}_{t-1}$  as a function of said error distance.

5. (Amended) The far-end crosstalk canceling circuit of claim 1, further comprising parallel to serial converters for transforming the sets of frequency components [discrete multitone symbols]  $R_i$  into respective serial streams of frequency components, wherein:

the estimation means is common to all of the plurality of line termination modems and simultaneously provides the frequency components as estimates for the constellation symbols;

the calculating means is common to all of the plurality of line termination modems and comprises matrix calculation means sequentially calculating at time  $t$ , for each tone  $j$  a [the] product  $H^{-1}_{t-1}(f_j) * R(f_j)$  of a matrix  $H^{-1}_{t-1}(f_j)$  with a [the] vector  $R(f_j)$  constituted by all the frequency components  $R_i(f_j)$  at a [the] frequency  $f_j$ ,  $H^{-1}_{t-1}(f_j)$  being an estimate at time  $t-1$  of an

[the] inverse of a [the] transfer matrix at the frequency  $f_j$  of the plurality of transmission channels;

the error calculating means is common to all of the plurality of line termination modems and sequentially calculates for each tone  $j$  the error distance as between each of the  $n$  components of the [vector] product  $H^{-1}_t(f_j) * R(f_j)$  and [the] constellation points  $\hat{S}_i(f_j)$  output by the respective demapping means [demappers] of the plurality of line termination modems;

the updating means is common to all of the plurality of line termination modems and sequentially updates for each tone  $j$  [the] coefficients of the matrix  $H^{-1}_{t-1}(f_j)$  as a function of said error distance.

6. (Amended) A digital subscriber line transmission system comprising a far-end crosstalk canceling circuit according to claim 4, in which the plurality of line termination modems and corresponding network termination modems are of [the] a synchronous Zipper type.

7. (Amended) A far-end crosstalk canceling method for a digital subscriber line transmission system, said transmission system comprising a plurality of line termination modems adapted to receive [receiving] discrete multitone signals from corresponding network termination modems over a plurality of transmission channels, each of the plurality of line termination modems [modem] comprising frequency transforming means for transforming said discrete multitone signals into a discrete multitone symbol of frequency components, and demapping means for outputting for each frequency component [the] a symbol of the constellation nearest [thereto] to each frequency component and [the] corresponding demodulated data, the method comprising the steps of:

estimating, for at least one line termination modem, [the] constellation symbols actually sent by [all] the network termination modems, from the frequency components of the discrete multitone symbols [received] generated by [said] the plurality of line termination modems;

calculating a linear combination of said estimated constellation symbols, subtracting said linear combination from the frequency components [of discrete multitone symbol] generated by the at least one line termination modem, and applying [the] a resulting difference to the demapping means of the [said] at least one line termination modem, to obtain [a constellation]

the symbol of the constellation;

calculating the error distance between the [said constellation] symbol of the constellation and said resulting difference; and

updating [the] coefficients of said linear combination as a function of said error distance.

8. (Amended) The far-end crosstalk canceling method of claim 7, wherein the [estimation step provides] step of estimating further comprises providing the [constellation] symbols of the constellations respectively output by the [demappers] demapping means of the plurality of line termination modems[,] as estimates [for the symbols] of modulated data sent by the corresponding network modems.

9. (Amended) The far-end crosstalk canceling method of claim 7, wherein the [estimation step provides, as estimates for the symbols,] step of estimating further comprises providing the frequency components in a first step and the estimated constellation symbols obtained therefrom in a second step.

10. (Amended) The far-end crosstalk canceling method of claim 7, wherein:  
the step of estimating [estimation step] is carried out for all of the plurality of line termination modems and simultaneously provides the frequency components as estimates for consecutive constellation symbols;

the step of calculating [calculation step] is carried out for all of the plurality of line termination modems and comprises [the calculation] calculating at step  $t$  [of the] a product  $H_{t-1}^{-1} * R$  of a matrix  $H_{t-1}^{-1}$  with a vector  $R$ ,  $R$  being [a vector] constituted by [all the]  $n$  [DMT] discrete multitone symbols  $R_i$ , the matrix  $H_{t-1}^{-1}$  being an estimate at step  $t-1$  of [the] an inverse of [the] a transfer matrix of the plurality of transmission channels;

the step of calculating the error distance [error calculating step] is carried out for all of the plurality of line termination modems and calculates the error distance[s] as between each of [the]  $n$  components of the [vector] product  $H_{t-1}^{-1} * R$  and the [constellation] symbols of the constellation output by the respective [demappers] demapping means of the plurality of line termination modems; and

the act of updating [step] is carried out for all of the plurality of line termination modems and updates [the] coefficients of the matrix  $H^{-1}_{t-1}$  as a function of said error distance.

11. (Amended) The far-end crosstalk canceling method of claim 7, further comprising a step of:

[a] parallel to serial [conversion of] converting the discrete multitone symbols into respective serial streams of frequency components;

wherein:

the step of estimating [estimation step] is carried out for all of the plurality of line termination modems and simultaneously provides the frequency components as estimates for the constellation symbols;

the step of calculating [calculating step] is carried out for all of the plurality of line termination modems and sequentially calculates at step  $t$ , for each tone  $j$ , a [the] product  $H^{-1}_{t-1}(f_j) * R(f_j)$  of a matrix  $H^{-1}_{t-1}(f_j)$  with a [the] vector  $R(f_j)$  constituted by all the frequency components  $R_i(f_j)$  at a [the] frequency  $f_j$ ,  $H^{-1}_{t-1}(f_j)$  being an estimate at time [step]  $t-1$  of an [the] inverse of a [the] transfer matrix at the frequency  $f_j$  of the plurality of transmission channels;

the step of calculating an error distance [error calculating step] is carried out for all of the plurality of line termination modems and sequentially calculates, for each tone  $j$ , a [the] sum of the error distance as between each of [the]  $n$  components of the [vector] product  $H^{-1}_{t-1}(f_j) * R(f_j)$  and [the] constellation symbols  $\hat{S}_i(f_j)$  output by the respective [demappers] demapping means of the plurality of line termination modems;

the step of updating [step] is carried out for all of the plurality of line termination modems and sequentially updates for each tone  $j$  [the] coefficients of the matrix  $H^{-1}_{t-1}(f_j)$  as a function of said error distance.